Strawberry Breeding Program and Future Directions

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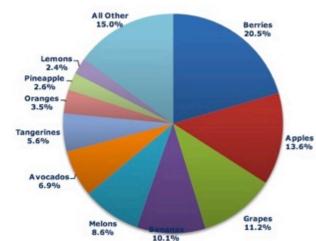
Great Plains Conference January 12, 2018

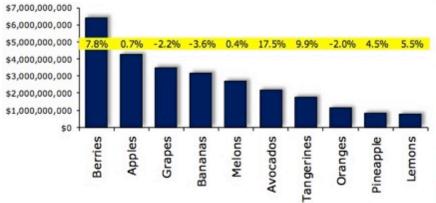


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Total U.S. Fruit - Dollars

- The berry category accounts for 20.5% of total fruit dollar sales.
- Berries posted a +7.8% increase vs. year ago.



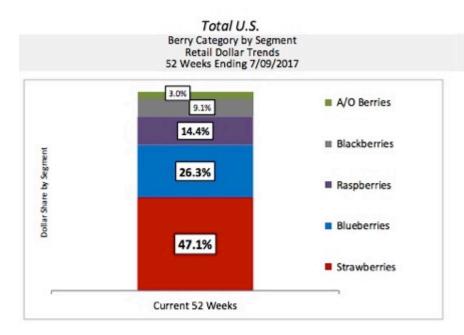


Dollars	Current 52wks	% Chg
Berries	\$6,418,558,469	7.8%
Apples	\$4,241,800,503	0.7%
Grapes	\$3,489,061,792	-2.2%
Bananas	\$3,165,530,697	-3.6%
Melons	\$2,690,847,557	0.4%
Avocados	\$2,164,153,248	17.5%
Tangerines	\$1,747,628,908	9.9%
Oranges	\$1,095,161,315	-2.0%
Pineapple	\$807,496,174	4.5%
Lemons	\$750,156,006	5.5%
Total Fruit	\$31,275,006,710	2.6%

Source: IRI/Freshlook ©2017 California Strawberry Commission

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Berries - Dollars

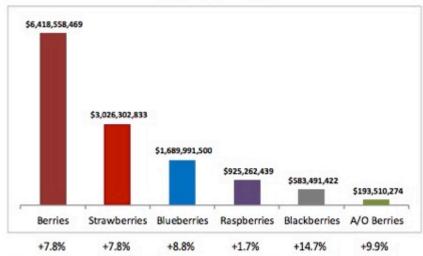




· Blueberries and raspberries rank 2nd and 3rd, respectively.

Total U.S.

Berry Category by Segment
Retail Dollar Trends
52 Weeks Ending 7/09/2017



- Berry dollars are up 7.8% versus year ago; strawberry dollars are up 7.8%.
- · Varietal berries are showing sales increases.

Breeding Projects

- Inherited program in 2014
- NC advanced selections and cultivars from other programs
- Update on NCS 10-038 and NCS 10-156
- Anthracnose projects, PhD student, Program
- NCSU Nursery clean up

Tried and True

- Chandler
- Camarosa
- Sweet Charlie

Chandler

- UCD, 1983
- Short day plant, early-mid season
- High yielding variety
- Produces large fruit
- Many culls due to irregular fruit early in season.
- Short shelf life
- Water damage issues due to thin skin
- Why plant it? Industry standard, widely adapted, known performance



Camarosa

- UCD, 1993
- Short day
- Mid to late season
- Fruit is larger and firmer than Chandler, good flavor
- Can fruit over an extended period in warmer regions
- Good post harvest traits-can be used for local-market and shipping
- Low yields may be observed in cooler regions or after insufficient degree day accumulation
- Why plant it? Better post harvest than Chandler



Sweet Charlie

- UFL, 1994
- Short Day
- 2 weeks of early fruit, then drops off
- Low yield
- Resistant to C. acutatum (fruit rot)
- Susceptible to phytophtora
- Why plant it? 5-7 days earlier than Chandler



But they are old

- California and Florida are big but they are focused on other their region
 - UFL breeding program is focused on low chilling
 - UCD breeding program is focused on day neutral (but some short day)
- Private programs
- Need new cultivars!

Background

- 2014, 20 + elite selections
- Replicated trials for 3 years
 - Research station 3 locations
- 2 remaining selections NCS 10-156 and NCS 10-038
- MPRU, virus testing and tissue culture 2014
- On-Farm 2015-16 and 16-17 and -18
- Nursery propagation 2016 one nursery, 2017 others
- Testing material from other programs

2017: A challenging year for strawberries

- Lots of disease
- Rain, one harvest no marketable fruit
- Earliest bloom ever, earliest harvest ever at CCRS
- Warm late winter/early spring. Record???
- Frost event Mid-March





NC STAT	Genotype	Total Yield (g/ plant)	Total Yield (lbs/A)	Marketable Yield (g/plant)	Marketable Yield (lbs/A)	Percentage Cull (% of total)	Marketable Percent of Chandler	Average berry weight (g)	
	NCS 10-038	976	36563	617	23122	34.693	219.0%	23.9	
	Camino Real	828	31027	504	18871	39.177	178.8%	24.1	
	Sweet Ann	795	29812	378	14170	51.45	134.2%	32.8	
	Fronteras	766	28701	493	18460	36.689	174.9%	29.6	
	Winter Dawn	729	27328	584	21869	19.815	207.2%	20.7	
	Camarosa	718	26892	499	18710	28.791	177.2%	23.1	
	Winter Star	716	26823	597	22381	16.727	212.0%	24.1	
	Scarlet	692	25949	346	12980	49.994	123.0%	34.9	
	Ruby June	671	25153	433	16230	35.172	153.7%	23.9	
	Sensation	642	24066	520	19499	19.526	184.7%	30.7	
	Festival	637	23864	486	18228	22.198	172.7%	21.9	
	Radiance	623	23351	555	20813	10.977	197.1%	26.7	
	NCS 10-156	556	20850	449	16828	19.542	159.4%	19.7	
	Chandler	483	18092	282	10557	41.679	100.0%	20.6	
	Sweet Charlie	474	17756	394	14764	16.897	139.9%	19.9	
	San Andreas	469	17579	351	13171	24.967	124.8%	26.7	
	Pentaluma	442	16549	321	12035	28.274	114.0%	29.7	
	Lucia	419	15722	204	7632	51.952	72.3%	25.1	
	1242	303	11350	253	9497	16.515	90.0%	25.8	
	Albion	185	6938	141	5299	23.179	50.2%	23.7	
	NCK 12-184	153	5745	77	2870	48.738	27.2%	12.9	
	TUKEY HSD		17838		12500	20.188		6.6	

Total yield, marketable yield, percent marketable yield and average berry weight. CCRS 2015 and 2016.

Genotype	2015 Total Yield (g/plant)	2016 Total Yield (g/ plant)	2 year average Total Yield	2015 Marketable Yield (g/ plant)	2016 Marketable Yield (g/ plant)	2 year average Marketable Yield	l	2016 Marketable Percent of Chandler	2 year Marketable Percent of Chandler	2015 Average berry weight (g)	2016 Average berry weight (g)	2 year average Berry Wt
NC10-038	656	785	720	617	712	664	98%	132%	115%	24.3	17.5	20.9
14010 030	030	703				004		13270	11370	24.5	17.5	20.3
Camino Real	547	668	607	505	615	560	80%	114%	97%	25.6	21.5	23.5
Camarosa	212	668	440	132	607	369	21%	113%	67%	19.8	18.2	19.0
Chandler	733	669	701	632	539	586	100%	100%	100%	20.8	19.8	20.3
NC10-156	547	558	552	495	485	490	78%	90%	84%	20.7	14.6	17.7
Sweet Ann	709	602	656	614	457	536	97%	85%	91%	35.7	22.4	29.1
Merced	710	473	592	648	421	535	103%	78%	90%	27.3	19.6	23.4
Sweet Charlie	244	337	291	219	306	262	35%	57%	46%	17.3	14.2	15.7
Albion	277	360	318	254	290	272	40%	54%	47%	27.6	20.2	23.9
San Andreas	645	374	509	583	269	426	92%	50%	71%	25.2	18.3	21.7

Other Cultivars Appearing in order of high to low yield

- Camino Real: High yield, nice appearance, good skin, water damage, disease, flavor ok
- Sweet Ann: Plants look nice, watery flavor, white shoulders, mishapen fruit, water damage, disease
- Fronteras: Firm, looks like it would ship well, fair appearance, good flavor, disease
- Winter Dawn: Stringy texture, fruit smaller,
- Winter Star: Firm, may work along the coast, too early for most of NC, water damage

Other Cultivars Appearing in order of high to low yield

- Ruby June: Nice appearance and flavor, early, culls were lobster claws, disease
- Sensation: Firm and shiny, but not great flavor, best of FL so far, few lobster claws, disease, use in a tunnel?
- Festival: Rubbery, disease
- Radiance: Rubbery, disease, poor plot stand
- San Andreas: Firm, not as good as flavor Albion

Other cultivars lowest yield

- Albion: Low yield, DN, wonderful flavor, we only harvest spring crop (BUT some growers like it)
- NCK 12-184: Not pretty, tested for disease resistance

Sweet Charlie Radiance



NCK 12-184 Pentaluma



Albion Festival



What about NCS 10-038 and NCS 10-156?





NCS 10-156





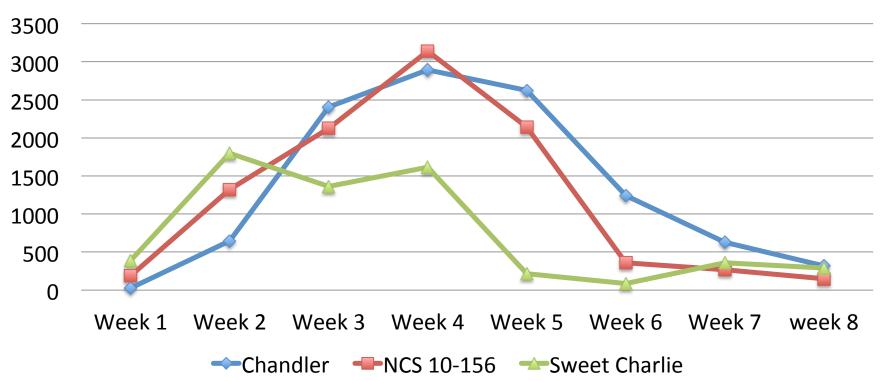
NCS 10-156

- Selected in 2010 PRS
- Early season short day strawberry
- Very nice appearance
- Uniform conical fruit with red glossy exterior and light interior
- 90 to 116% yield compared to Chandler, higher than SC
- Good fruit size 18 g
- Can be soft like Chandler
- More suitable for local market
- The one we all like to eat!!!

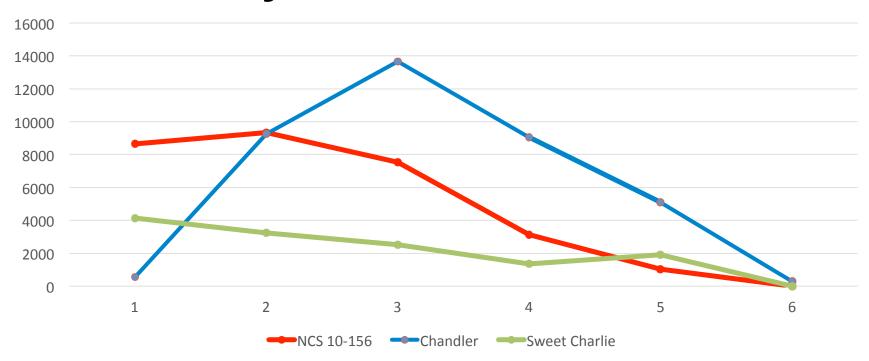
Sweet Charlie v NCS 10-156



CCRS marketable yield 2016 g/plot



Weekly Total Yield CCRS 2015



NCS 10-038

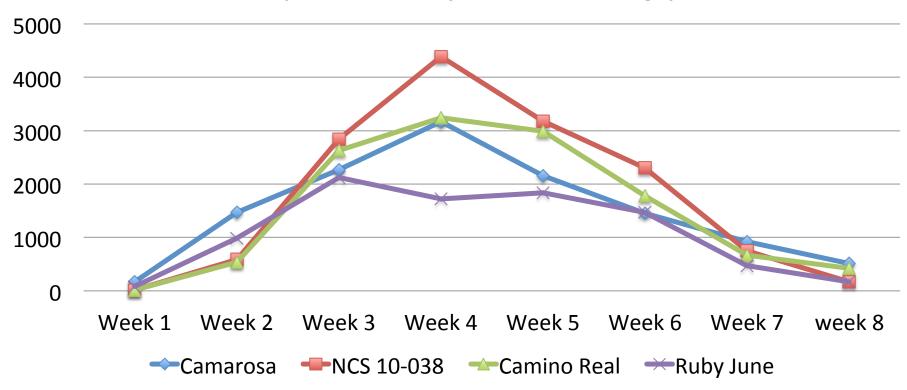




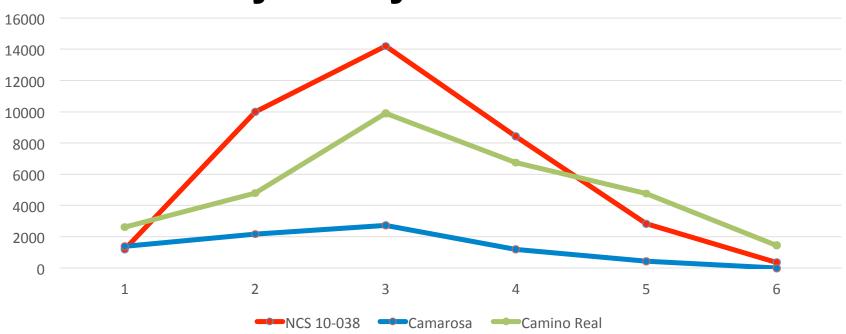
NCS 10-038

- Selected in 2010 at PRS Salisbury NC,
- Late season-short day strawberry
- Uniform blunt conical fruit with firm flesh and light red exterior and interior
- Moderately vigorous plant, open growth habit
- Awesome yield 132 and 153% yield compared to Chandler
- Uniform production through season

Weekly marketable yield CCRS 2016 g/plot



Weekly total yield CCRS 2015



Overall impressions

- NCS 10-156 sweetest, but not firm, best for local markets
- NCS 10-038 quality similar to Camarosa, potential shipper?

Trialing of advanced selections NCS 10-038 and NCS 10-156

- On-farm 2017
 - NC, VA, SC, FL
- On-Farm/Univ/USDA 2018
 - NC, VA, GA, AR, AL,SC, MD



On-Farm Comments 2017

- "038"
 - Nice fruit size and set
 - Orange color
 - Flavor not as good as Camarosa
 - Would try again
 - Yield impressive
 - Post harvest?

- "156"
 - Fruit small
 - Early
 - Seedy
 - Soft
 - Flavor!
 - Try again
 - Local market fruit

What's Next for 038 and 156?

- More testing 2017-18
- Type of farm (156 on PYO)
- Propagation agreements
- Release in 2018
- Name suggestions?

Anthracnose projects

- 1. Mapping genes for resistance
- 2. Field screen NCSU germplasm



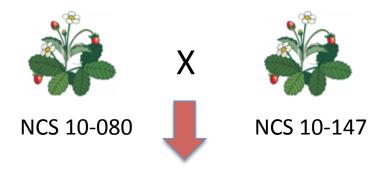
Anthracnose projects: mapping genes

- Jose Guillermo Chacon "Memo"
- PhD student,
 Fullbright scholar
- Professor in CR prior to NCSU



Anthracnose projects: mapping genes

- Resistance to both C.a. and C.g.
- Susceptible Mom X
 Resistant Dad
- Seedlings should have range of traits



400 seedlings

Anthracnose project: Mapping genes

- 400 seedlings
- In vitro, so many duplicates
- Screen for C.a. and C.g. in field and phytotron
- Screening in 2018
 - Field 4000 Cg, 4000 Ca
 - Phytotron 4000 Cg, 4000
 Ca



Mapping genes

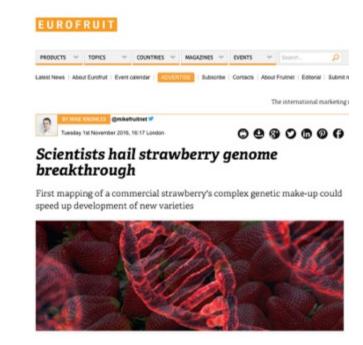
- DNA extracted from each 400 plant-send to GSL
- Each plant innoculated with C.a. or C.g.
- Each plant scored for disease resistance





Anthracnose projects: mapping genes

- Statistical and genomic tools to identify genes for resistance to both C.a. and C.g.
- Complex!



Antrhacnose project: Screening our germplasm in the field

- 2015. NCK material greenhouse screened
- 2015. Field evaluated in location where anthracnose was present
- 2016. Collect yield and other hort data
- 2017. Innoculated plants placed in field
- 2018 summer. Cull plants that are diseased





Nursery clean up

- We have approximately 420 unique NC genotypes
- Disease always a problem in our nursery
- Need to have a back up system
- All nursery material destined for tissue culture as a back up



Thank-you





Rocco Schiavone Guillermo Chacon NCDA

